

SETTLE WITH SULTAN

Satisfactory Agreement Reached With Turkish Government.

TERMS NOT YET PUBLISHED

Minister Leishman Stood by His Guns, Refusing to Abate American Demands—One Vexed Question Has Been Settled.

Constantinople, Aug. 15.—The issues between Turkey and the United States have been arranged to the satisfaction of both governments. The terms of the settlement have not yet been given out. Minister Leishman saw Tewfik Pasha, Turkish minister of foreign affairs, and renewed the urgent representations of the American government for an immediate settlement of the demands regarding the rights of American citizens in Turkey. After the interview Tewfik Pasha proceeded immediately to the palace.

The conference between Minister Leishman and Izzet Pasha, secretary of the palace, and Nedjib Melhamie, assistant minister of public works, occurred at Mr. Leishman's summer home at Therapia and lasted eight hours, during which Izzet Pasha exchanged communications with the palace.

Leishman Wouldn't Budge. Mr. Leishman firmly refused to consider for a moment any suggestion of discrimination and insisted on a full acceptance of the American list of about 300 schools, hospitals, charitable institutions and missionary dwellings fled with the porte eighteen months ago. The American minister pointed out that the porte had ample time to verify the list, but that it had done nothing. Mr. Leishman positively refused to listen to any suggestion regarding treatment differing from that accorded to the schools under the protection of other powers. The delegates finally left in order to report to the sultan, promising a favorable reply.

The protracted conference appears to have settled one of the matters agreed upon at the time of the Beirut incident, but never executed—namely, the payment to an American citizen of Smyrna the sum of \$25,000, being the value of land on which Moslem refugees illegally settled. This amount will now be paid.

The usual attempts were made to induce Mr. Leishman to stop the American squadron from going to Smyrna by promising an immediate settlement, but the minister declined to intervene.

Printers Want Eight Hour Day. St. Louis, Aug. 15.—The work of the 51st annual convention of the International Typographical union, which has adjourned sine die, has resulted in the complete revision of many of the general laws embodied in the constitution. The action of favoring the eight hour day stands out pre-eminent. If the referendum, to which this proposition has been submitted for final decision, concurs with the convention, as the delegates believe it will, 45,000 union printers throughout Canada and the United States will be affected. It is provided that the law shall go into effect Jan. 1, 1906, and a fund is to be raised by assessment to pay the expenses of a strike if it should be found necessary to resort to such a measure.

Alleged Murder by Blind Men. Chicago, Aug. 15.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Kewanee, Ill., says that, bound and beaten by two blind men, James Brennan and Henry Gould, who had invited him to their shanty to spend the evening, John Gomersoll, an octogenarian, suffered injuries which resulted in his death. At the coroner's inquest Gould and Brennan, who are seventy years old, were held to the grand jury and are now in the county jail. The defendants told a circumstantial story of mistaking their victim for a burglar.

Canadian Sealer Seized by Uncle Sam. Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 13.—According to a letter received here, the schooner Teresa of the Victoria Sealing company's fleet has been seized by the United States revenue inspector for carrying arms in Bering sea. The schooner reached Dutch harbor on July 27. The writer of the letter says he believes others of the fleet have met a similar fate.

Shut Down For Lack of Business. New Haven, Conn., Aug. 15.—The New Haven Manufacturing company has announced that it would suspend operations on Sept. 1 for an indefinite period, as it is unable, owing to the state of the market, to meet expenses. The concern makes machine tools, employs about 100 skilled mechanics and is capitalized at \$200,000.

Paraguayan Rebels Active. Buenos Ayres, Aug. 15.—The Paraguayan revolutionists have occupied several districts and are rapidly approaching Asuncion, the capital of Paraguay. An attack on the capital by the insurgents is believed to be imminent. The Argentine government has dispatched two gunboats to protect its interests in Paraguay.

Stolen Chickens Cause Murder. Cannonsburg, Pa., Aug. 15.—John Tongondt was instantly killed, Tonio Zulio shot through the shoulder and David Jackson shot through the hip in a revolver duel over stolen chickens at Midland No. 2, a coal town near here. Zulio and Jackson claim that they fired in self defense.

CHAMP CLARK ANGRY.

Congressman Threatens to Kill a Man Who Called Him a Liar.

New Albany, Ind., Aug. 15.—"If the man who just called me a liar will meet me outside the park when I finish my speech, I'll cut his throat from ear to ear," declared Congressman Champ Clark of Missouri during a joint political debate with Congressman Charles B. Landis of Indiana before the Chautauqua assembly here.

The debate was the principal attraction of the Chautauqua. During the speech of Mr. Landis some one in the audience shouted, "Where's Bill Taylor?" Mr. Landis replied, "He is in Indiana and will stay there until he gets justice."

When Mr. Clark took the platform, he referred to ex-Governor Taylor as an assassin, charging that the Republicans were protecting a man who should be hanged. Continuing, he said, "The Republicans want to rule this country by assassination."

Some one in the audience cried out: "That's not true! You are a liar!" Immediately Congressman Clark shouted his challenge.

CLERGYMAN TO BE DEPORTED

Washington Authorities Charge Returning Minister With Being a Felon.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Alfred Burleigh Hart, who was arrested at the Ellis island immigrant station, New York, as he landed from England on the charge that he was attempting to enter the country in violation of the immigration laws, has been ordered by the immigration authorities to be deported.

Hart, who claimed that he was the rector of a church in Brooklyn and that he had resided in this country for more than a year prior to a recent trip to England, was detained at Ellis island until he could have a hearing on the charges. It was alleged that he had been convicted in Great Britain of a crime involving moral turpitude. The inquiry developed the truthfulness of the allegations. The testimony in the case was transmitted to the Washington authorities. After an examination of the testimony the immigration authorities, acting under the law which is practically mandatory, ordered the deportation of Hart.

"ELIJAH" SAVES LIFE.

Prophet Dowie Rescues Three Women From Drowning.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 15.—A special to the Evening Press from Whitehall, Mich., says that "Elijah" Dowie rescued three women from a watery grave. The women were sailing unattended in a yacht belonging to George McDonald of Chicago, when in the middle of the lake a heavy puff of wind capsize the boat.

Dowie saw the accident from the piazza of Ben Mac Dhuil, his summer home, and, with his son Gladstone, Dowie ran to his launch and went out through the heavy waves to the rescue. He reached the scene just in time, for a short delay would have meant the death of all three women. With much difficulty Dowie and his son pulled the women into their launch. They had reached the shore before the life saving crew, quartered three miles away from the scene, arrived.

Trying to End the Meat Strike. Chicago, Aug. 15.—Discovery has been made that four of the largest packing companies affected by the strike are operating without a license from the city of Chicago. Approval of all licenses to slaughter must be made by the municipal health commissioners. The strikers are hoping that the absence of licenses may possibly have a bearing on the success of Mayor Harrison's attempt to intervene for a settlement of the strike. There have been several riots caused by attacks on nonunion men. Epidemics of typhoid fever are threatened among the strikers and also among the strike breakers.

Honor For Ex-President Cleveland.

Sandwich, N. H., Aug. 15.—To do honor to the only living ex-president of the United States and to the governor of New Hampshire the citizens of this town have rendered a reception to Grover Cleveland and Governor Nabham J. Bachelder at Mr. Cleveland's summer residence at Center Sandwich. In addition to residents of the town and visitors at the numerous summer resorts in this vicinity about twenty guests of prominence were present. Among those invited were former Governors Frank W. Rollins and Chester B. Jordan of New Hampshire and Governor John L. Bates of Massachusetts.

Bryan to Let Fortune Go.

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 15.—Counsel for William J. Bryan in his appeal to the supreme court from the decision of the superior court excluding the famous sealed letter, which appeal was lost, as the court found no error in the ruling, say that no further steps will be taken by Mr. Bryan in this direction to secure the \$50,000 mentioned in the letter.

May Be Glass Works Strike.

Charlestown, Pa., Aug. 15.—At a meeting of the Glassworkers' union it was unanimously decided to resist the efforts of the Macbeth-Evans Glass company to nonunionize its works. President Sempel Gompers of the Federation of Labor will be asked to speak at the Marion, Elkwood, Pittsburg and local plants.

Death In a Coffepot.

Pittsburg, Aug. 15.—Howard Crews is dead and his wife and sister are in critical condition from what the physicians term ptomaine poisoning, caused, it is believed, by a corroded coffepot.

Bad Blood

Pimples, rashes, eczema, boils, headache, nervousness, debility—these are some of the results of impure blood. Your doctor will tell you how Ayer's Sarsaparilla makes the blood rich and pure.

DISASTER AT CAPITAL

Ten Persons Drowned by the Capsizing of a Launch.

WERE WATCHING BOAT RACES

Victims' Boat, Ordered by Authorities Out of the Way, Caught by Undertow—Continuance of Races Arouses Criticism.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Ten persons were drowned as the result of the capsizing of a naphtha launch on the Potomac river off Georgetown, the western section of this city, during the annual Potomac regatta. Four others who were on the launch escaped. All but one were from this city. Four of the victims were women, and the six men who met death went down while trying to save their companions' lives.

The accident was the worst in the history of Potomac river racing. The capsized launch was the Recreation, owned by Drs. Stewart and Wagner. During the first race the launch got in the way of the eight oared shells, and its wash was such that the officials reprimanded its crew and ordered them out of the way. There was some show of resentment at this order, and the launch headed for the shore, but miscalculated its course and, striking the strong undertow, caused by a millrace, rocked for a moment and as the passengers rushed to one side turned turtle.

Only a few of the thousands of people that lined the shore witnessed the accident, but the police immediately set to work to recover the bodies. Many of the spectators, including officials of the District government, protested against the continuance of the racing in view of the tragedy, but the officials in charge declined to stop the sport, saying it was inexpedient, because people had come on from numerous other cities to take part and that the regatta was the result of long laid plans, in which many outside interests were concerned. There was a great deal of criticism of this decision.

American Jackie Found Dead.

Villefranche, France, Aug. 15.—A party of fishermen recently found the remains of an American sailor in Villefranche roads. An examination showed that both eyes had been destroyed and that the body was covered with bruises and other wounds. The body, which was clad only in bathing trunks, is thought to be that of Henry Mitchell, a stoker of the cruiser Olympia, flagship of the American European squadron, who has been missing since Aug. 5. Mitchell, it is believed, swam ashore, wearing only trunks and with a belt containing money around his waist, and was waylaid and beaten by thieves, who threw him into the water before he had ceased to breathe. The American vice consul at Nice has cabled to Admiral Jewell, commanding the European squadron at Smyrna, requesting a description of Mitchell.

Vanderbilt Auto Stoned.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 15.—It has become known here that Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt while riding in an automobile were stoned by an unknown person. The speed of the machine saved the occupants from injury. The police are searching for the assailant of the young millionaire and his wife.

To Increase Paper Supply.

St. John's, N. F., Aug. 15.—Sir Alfred Harmsworth and a number of other newspaper proprietors of London have just closed negotiations for 1,500 square miles of timber areas in the interior of Newfoundland, on which they propose to erect the largest pulp mill in the world.

MURDERED FOR REVENGE.

Aged Farmer Meets Death at the Hands of Desperadoes.

Ithaca, N. Y., Aug. 15.—James Shields, an aged farmer residing in the little village of Venice, Cayuga county, was murdered by James Mansell and Ned O'Connor, characters with long criminal records. Both men have been arrested.

The murder was committed in revenge for an assault made upon Garret Mansell, the father of James, on the previous night by Arthur and Robert Shields, two sons of the murdered man. James Mansell, who was in Ithaca at the time, hurried to the scene and, in company with Ned O'Connor, drove to the Shields farm. There they found the old man, with his sons, working at hay and, after knocking one of the boys unconscious, turned upon the father, who was endeavoring to defend his son, and crushed the old man's skull with stones. They then mutilated his body with pitchforks. After committing the crime they went to the house and wrecked the place.

After a futile attempt to resist the constables they were overpowered and taken to Auburn.

HEROES GET MEDALS.

Congressional Reward For Arctic Service Given to Revenue Cutter Officers.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The secretary of the treasury has forwarded to Lieutenant David H. Jarvis, Lieutenant E. P. Bertholf and Surgeon Samuel J. Call of the revenue cutter service the gold medals voted to them by congress for heroic service performed by them in rescuing the imperiled whalers at Point Barrow, Arctic ocean, in the winter of 1897.

The medals are of solid gold and are intrinsically worth about \$210. On the obverse of each medal is the name and a profile portrait in relief of the officer to whom given, and around the margin is the legend, "Awarded by act of congress June 28, 1902, for heroic service."

On the reverse is an arctic scene of exceptional beauty. The medals are among the finest ever presented by the government to any one. Secretary Shaw accompanied the medals with a letter to each recipient praising his conduct.

Schwab to Give Away Fortune.

New York, Aug. 15.—The New York American and Journal in a report from Loretto, Pa., announces that Charles M. Schwab declared that he purposed to spend his immense fortune in founding and maintaining industrial schools for children. For the first time Mr. Schwab disclosed that he and Mrs. Schwab have actually spent hundreds of thousands of dollars on the manual training institution at Richmond Beach for teaching crippled and deformed boys and girls useful occupations. This work, Mr. Schwab said, would be resumed with renewed vigor within a few months.

British Annex West Indian Island.

Kingstown, Island of St. Vincent, B. W. I., Aug. 15.—The British cruiser Tribune on Aug. 11 landed a party under command of Lieutenant Threlfall at Aves, or Birds, Island, 127 miles west of the north end of the island of Dominica, and annexed it as a British possession. Guns were hauled through the surf and landed, the British flag was hoisted, and a royal salute was fired. The Tribune then proceeded direct to St. Vincent. She has since left, being ordered to Venezuela to protect British interests at Caracas.

Doctor Denies Counterfeiting Charge.

Boston, Aug. 15.—Dr. Frank G. Sault, the Roxbury physician charged with attempting to pass counterfeit money, was held in \$10,000 bail for further examination by United States Commissioner Fiske. He pleaded not guilty to charges of attempting to pass the money and of having manufactured the counterfeits. The secret service agents found more than \$10,000 in bogus two dollar bills in Dr. Sault's home.

HER FIRST PAIR OF JUMPERS.



"Now am I a little boy, mamma?"

—Chicago Tribune.

CZAR LOST ADMIRAL

Withdrew, Commander In the Sortie From Port Arthur, Killed.

CESAREVITCH IS SMASHED.

Flagship of the Fleet Irreparably Damaged in the Fight—Many Russian Ships Reported Damaged—Germany's Actions.

Chefoo, Aug. 15.—Reports from Tsingchau state that the Russian battleship Cesarevitch received terrible punishment in the fight off Shangtung promontory on Aug. 10. The fight lasted from noon until evening. The Cesarevitch bore the brunt of the fighting until 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when Admiral Wittoft was hit by a shell which blew his body to pieces, one of his legs being found after the explosion. Four officers standing near him were also killed. Altogether the Cesarevitch lost fifteen men killed and forty-five wounded.

The steamer Dagnar, arriving from Tsingchau, had on board the harbor pilot who steered the Russian battleship Cesarevitch into that port. He confirms the previous reports of the damage to the Cesarevitch and adds that her rudder shaft was broken during the fight, but that her engines are not badly injured. He expressed the opinion that the fighting days of the Cesarevitch are over and that she will probably be dismantled.

A private telegram received here says that the Cesarevitch has moved farther into Tsingchau harbor, following a demand made by the Japanese that the Russians come out and fight. It is surmised that the Cesarevitch will be dismantled.

Another dispatch from Tsingchau confirms the previous reports of the serious damage inflicted upon the Cesarevitch and says that for this reason the battleship is unable to leave port. The Russian torpedo boat destroyers Bezposhtichadul and Bezschumi were both slightly damaged and took coal. The destroyer Beistrashul has not been injured.

German Ships Clear For Action.

When coaling operations were completed the German cruisers Fuerst Bismarck and Hansa cleared for action. It is believed that they will not allow the departure of the Russian ships.

It is now reported that Admiral Messevitch (Matsevitch) has died of his wounds in a hospital. Two officers and eight sailors, all seriously injured, are at present in hospital.

The rumors current here of fighting at Tsingchau are not believed, as the latest messages from there make no mention thereof. The German cruiser Thetis has left Tsingchau hastily. An Italian warship also left. The destination of these two vessels are unknown.

Admiral Togo is said to be with the main portion of the Japanese fleet, which has gone toward Shanghai. This portion of the fleet includes all the battleships.

A cipher telegram received here from Osaka, Japan, confirms previous reports that the Japanese main squadron is bound for a southern destination "on an active campaign."

Cruiser Novik Damaged.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Aug. 11 a Russian torpedo boat destroyer badly damaged steamed slowly into Tsingchau, and half an hour later the protected cruiser Novik, slightly injured, entered port. No dead was on board either vessel. They took coal and departed at 3 o'clock on the morning of Aug. 12.

On the night of Aug. 11 one torpedo boat destroyer and the cruiser Askold, with five of her crew dead and twelve wounded, attempted to enter Talukchan, but were kept out by a Japanese cruiser, whereupon they proceeded to Woosung.

The officers of the Cesarevitch are of the opinion that the Japanese vessels undoubtedly suffered severely in the fighting, as the pursuit of the Cesarevitch was maintained for only a short time.

According to Chinese authorities, the Russians had six and the Japanese four warships at the beginning of the fight off Shangtung promontory. The Japanese, however, were soon re-enforced, but to what extent is not stated.

Launches containing sixty Russian sailors are said to have entered Weihaiwei. The sailors belong to two torpedo boat destroyers which are reported to have gone ashore in the vicinity of Weihaiwei. These vessels presumably are the same which were reported to have been captured.

TOGO REPORTS VICTORY.

Declares That Entire Russian Fleet Has Been Made Useless.

Tokyo, Aug. 15.—Additional bulletins from Admiral Togo announce that there is not a seaworthy vessel in the Port Arthur fleet. He believes that the battleships Pobieda and Retvizan are permanently disabled and regards the fighting power of the Port Arthur fleet at an end. The emperor has sent the heartiest congratulations to Admiral Togo on his victory. The main Japanese naval force can now be safely withdrawn from Port Arthur and other plans carried out. Probably two battleships and three first class cruisers, with the torpedo and gunboat divisions, will remain on duty.

It is now deemed certain that the Baltic fleet will remain at home. The next step will be to invest Vladivostok. The following has come from Admiral

mi Togo: "Reports from the fleet confirm my observation that the Russian battleships Pobieda and Retvizan were badly crippled and made useless for fighting. The Sevastopol was damaged early in the action and was not a serious factor in the late fighting. The Poltava and Peresviet were struck by torpedoes and hit by shells several times in the engagement. It is believed that they could not have made Port Arthur except for the fog after nightfall.

"The Bayan was hit by a mine before the engagement as the Russian ships were coming out of the harbor. She has not appeared since. The battleships of the enemy are in the east channel of the outer harbor of Port Arthur under the protection of the forts. Reports from the officers in command of our cruiser division indicate that their small gun fire caused much loss of life on the Russian battleships, particularly on the Pobieda and Retvizan. Our torpedo boat commanders also report that their guns damaged the Russians at night."

The admiralty estimates the Russian losses at nearly 2,000 in dead and wounded. Officials here believe that the crippled battleships will be destroyed. They cannot be repaired in Port Arthur and cannot get to any other port.

CZAR'S SHIPS AT SHANGHAI

Damaged Cruiser and Destroyer Seek Refuge in Chinese Port.

Shanghai, Aug. 15.—The Russian protected cruiser Askold, flying an admiral's flag, with her two stacks destroyed, a large hole in her hull near the waterline and one below the waterline, her upper works much battered and her after barbettes destroyed, has arrived at Shanghai and has gone into drydock and commenced to make repairs. Fifteen of her crew were killed and fifty wounded during the battle off Port Arthur on Aug. 10. The torpedo boat destroyer Grozovoi is also at Shanghai.

The total has notified both vessels that they must leave port at the expiration of the twenty-four hour limit. The commander of the Askold claims that his vessel is unseaworthy, and it is said to be his intention to remain in port until the repairs are completed. Local shipping is demoralized. Underwriters refuse to take any further risks. There is a feeling here that Russia is infringing upon Chinese neutrality by using Shanghai as a port of refuge.

Important Land Fights Soon.

Liaoyang, Aug. 15.—The movements of both the Russians and Japanese indicate that the greatest battles for the present campaign of southern Manchuria have already been fought at Tatchiao, Kuchiatzu and Haicheng and that the Japanese do not intend to give the Russians an opportunity to defend their positions along what is now their south front. It is understood that the Japanese will steadily advance northward and that the Russians have made all preparations for this movement, and this is taken to indicate that there will be important fighting north of Liaoyang. The withdrawal of the Russians to Andianshan, which was accomplished without difficulty on account of the quietness of the Japanese, and their retirement from Kuchiatzu to the next position west fixes the center of activity in the north.

Russian Destroyer Blown Up.

London, Aug. 15.—A dispatch from Weihaiwei says the Russian torpedo boat destroyer Bural was beached on the south of the Shangtung promontory and was blown up. Three of her officers and sixty men, who walked from the scene of the accident, have arrived at Weihaiwei.

Russia's Protest to China.

Peking, Aug. 15.—The Russian legation here still claims to be without official information regarding the capture of the Russian torpedo boat destroyer Ryeshfeldt at Chefoo. The Russian minister, however, is believed to have made a protest to the Chinese government.

Japanese After Vladivostok Fleet.

Chefoo, Aug. 15.—A Japanese squadron sighted the Vladivostok fleet in the strait of Korea, and fighting began fifty minutes later.

Parker's Plan of Campaign.

New York, Aug. 15.—Friends of Judge Parker state that they do not believe the Democratic candidate will make a speechmaking tour of the west. They are of the opinion that he may deliver one or two speeches, probably one in New York, but this will not be definitely determined until after the state conventions are held and the campaign has been further advanced.

Murderer Commits Suicide.

Lawrence, Mass., Aug. 15.—Weakened by the loss of blood from self inflicted knife wounds and poisoned by Paris green, taken in a determined effort to end his life, William E. Clark, sixty years old, who murdered Mrs. Ada Richardson in Boston, has died at the Lawrence General hospital.

New Postmasters Appointed.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Fourth class postmasters have been appointed as follows:

Maryland—Downes, W. E. Paswater, Maddox, Georganna Snye.

Pennsylvania—Elmhurst, A. B. Williams; Lock Number Four, J. O. Watson.

Four Children Burned.

Decatur, Ga., Aug. 15.—Four children of Charles Pitts, a negro farmer of De Kalb county, were burned to death while locked in the house during the absence of their parents. An overturned lamp caused the fire.